If you cannot come to your appointment, please call us at least 24 hours before at 450.419.6345.

Failure to notify us will result in a $50 fee being charged.

Institut de l’œil des Laurentides
4800, rue Ambroise-Laforetune
Boisbriand, Québec
J7H 1S6

Telephone: 450.419.ŒIL (6345) or 1.888.419.ŒIL (6345)
Fax: 450.434.YEUX (9389)
institutdeloeil.com
Crystalline lens

The crystalline lens is a natural lens in the eye that works much the same as a camera lens. The crystalline lens focuses the image on the retina. It is normally clear.
Cataract

Over time, the crystalline lens may become yellowish and opaque. The cataract is the loss of the transparency of the crystalline lens. As a result, the light that passes through the lens is altered, even weakened by the cataract.

THE CATARACT

Cataracts are mostly the result of aging. However, several factors, including heredity, diabetes, smoking, the use of certain medications and the environment also contribute to the development of cataracts.

In the presence of a cataract, vision is blurred, obscured and the perception of colours is less vivid.
A cataract can also cause glare, strong sensitivity to light and difficult night vision.

The extraction of the cataract is a surgical procedure that treats this condition on a permanent basis. The surgery involves extracting the crystalline lens and replacing it with an artificial lens.

The cataract surgery does not correct other causes of decreased vision, such as glaucoma, macular degeneration, floaters, or diabetes.
CLEAR LENS EXTRACTION

Are you between 45 and 55 years old?

The clear lens extraction is an elective surgery and it is done to ensure that the person does not need glasses or contact lenses following the operation.

Extracting the clear crystalline lens is a refractive surgery; the surgical procedure is the same as for cataract surgery. It involves replacing the crystalline lens with an intraocular lens that corrects refraction defects such as myopia, hyperopia, astigmatism and presbyopia. However, this is different from cataract surgery because the crystalline is clear (transparent).

Cataract surgery is planned in four steps:

- Referral by a health professional to the Institut de l’oeil des Laurentides
- Preoperative consultation
- Surgery
- Postoperative follow-up
PREOPERATIVE CONSULTATION

The multidisciplinary clinical team of the Institut de l’œil des Laurentides includes administrative agents, ophthalmological technicians, nursing staff, optometrists and ophthalmologists.

The first step of your consultation is handled by the ophthalmological assistant. Various tests will be performed to measure the parameters of your eye (lensmeter, visual acuity, auto refractometer, tonometer, pachymetry, biometry, topography, etc.).

Following this, an ocular health assessment with dilation of the pupil is performed by an optometrist and ophthalmologist, working closely together.
Dilating the pupil makes it possible to examine the back of the eye in depth.

After the eye examination, the optometrist will explain how the surgery will be performed and provide preoperative and postoperative instructions. Moreover, he will explain the various surgery options and the types of intraocular lenses that are best suited for your needs.

The ophthalmologist will finalize your file and the ocular examination and confirm the procedure proposed for the surgery.

The evaluation concludes with a meeting with the administrative agent, who will explain the administrative procedures (method of payment, Accord D financing plan) and will schedule your surgery dates.

### VISION ZONES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Near vision</th>
<th>Intermediate vision</th>
<th>Distance vision</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30 cm to 60 cm</td>
<td>60 cm to 180 cm (1.8m)</td>
<td>180 cm (1.8m) and +</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Read
- Consult a smartphone
- Knit
- Sew
- Look at a computer screen
- Cook
- Paint
- Play the piano
- Look at the television
- Look at a movie screen
- Play golf
- Drive a car

Dilating the pupil will make your vision blurry for a few hours (4 to 6 hours), it is important for you to be accompanied.
INTRAOCULAR LENSES

Intraocular lenses are permanent lenses that replace your natural crystalline lens and are implanted in the capsule (the membrane that supports the intraocular lens) in your eye. These lenses do not need to be replaced or maintained.

In 30% of cases, a secondary cataract may occur during the years following cataract surgery. The treatment for this opacification of the capsule is called a capsulotomy and it is performed using an Nd:YAG laser.

In addition to restoring vision, cataract surgery or the clear lens extraction, can ensure that you enjoy clear vision without needing glasses for close or distance vision, or both, depending on the type of implant selected.

As in the case of any surgical or medical treatment, the results cannot be guaranteed.

Even by choosing the most appropriate lens for your condition, it is possible that glasses, a laser touch-up or a capsulotomy may be required after the surgery.

In this case, you are responsible for the costs incurred.
The Institut de l’œil des Laurentides offers a vast selection of last generation personalized soft and specialty intraocular lenses that fulfills your needs and fits your lifestyle.

**The aspheric monofocal intraocular lens**

The aspheric monofocal intraocular lens has a single optical power. As a result, it cannot correct distance vision and close vision simultaneously. Therefore, you must choose between having clear distance vision and wear glasses for close vision or having clear close vision and wearing corrective glasses to see at a distance.

**The toric monofocal intraocular lens**

The toric monofocal intraocular lens corrects distance vision in patients with a significant astigmatism.
Astigmatism occurs when a cornea does not have the same curve on all axes; this means that the cornea is shaped like a football. When an astigmatism is not corrected, it prevents the formation of a sharp image on the retina. As a result, vision is deformed, partially or totally doubled, and blurry at all distances.

With a toric intraocular lens, which remedies this optical error, you will enjoy optimal distance vision after your cataract surgery.

**The multifocal intraocular lens**

The multifocal lens has several focal points therefore, it corrects distance vision and close vision. This lens is an excellent alternative for all those who wish to benefit from clear vision without
having to wear glasses, both at a distance and close up. The visual results of the multifocal lens depend on the adequate selection of patients.

This selection is based on your ocular health, your visual needs, your work environment and your tolerance to some specific side effects of this type of lens.

A second preoperative visit may be necessary in order to conduct additional tests and determine if you are eligible (type of personality, lifestyle, eye health, etc.) for this type of intraocular lens.

**The toric multifocal intraocular lens**

This lens combines the advantages of a multifocal lens and a toric lens. As a result, it restores close vision while ensuring defined and clear distance vision.
This intraocular implant is indicated when the astigmatism is significant and the patient wants close and distance vision.

**The wide field intraocular lens**

In addition to providing excellent distance and intermediate vision, this broad spectrum lens minimizes the side effects of traditional multifocal lenses (halos, reduced sensitivity to contrasts, etc.). It is indicated for patients who wish to reduce their dependence on glasses. Also, it has fewer contraindications than multifocal intraocular lenses.
TYPES OF SURGERY

TRADITIONAL SURGERY

During the surgery, a tiny incision of 2-3 mm is made in the peripheral cornea. It is used to insert the instruments and the new lens. The surgeon creates an opening on the front of the capsule in order to access the content of the crystalline lens. Following this, the content of the crystalline lens is fragmented into several small pieces using an ultrasound instrument and is then aspirated.
CATALYS® LASER SURGERY

The Institut de l’oeil des Laurentides is the first cataract surgery center in Québec to offer refractive laser-assisted cataract surgery using the CATALYS® Precision Laser System. This laser represents a state-of-the-art technological innovation that enables safe non-invasive customized surgery.

The CATALYS® laser is used to produce a perfectly round cut (capsulorhexis), of the desired size, centered over the capsular bag; it uses much less energy to fragment the cataract than the ultrasounds used during traditional surgery.

The Catalys® laser is coupled with 3-D imaging software (OCT), which delivers the consistency of a computer-guided treatment. The postoperative results, including visual acuity, are excellent.
When surgeries are performed using the CATALYS® laser, you can have surgery done on both eyes on the same day. Certain contraindications may however, prevent you from having sequential surgery. For this reason, a selection is necessary. During the preoperative evaluation, the optometrist and the ophthalmologist will determine if you are eligible for this type of surgery.

Sequential surgery has many advantages:

- a single trip for both surgeries;
- a single surgical appointment requiring someone to accompany you;
- postoperative follow-up done on both eyes at the same time.

However, you must know that, since both eyes will be operated on simultaneously, your vision will be blurry on the day of the surgery. As a result, you may not be able to take part in certain daily activities.
# CHOICE OF INTRAOCULAR LENS AND TYPE OF SURGERY

*To be completed by the health professional*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TYPE OF INTRAOCULAR LENS</th>
<th>RIGHT EYE</th>
<th>LEFT EYE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aspheric monofocal lens</td>
<td>Eligible</td>
<td>Patient’s choice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toric monofocal lens</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Multifocal lens</td>
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<tr>
<td>Toric multifocal lens</td>
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<tr>
<td>Extended range of vision lens</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TYPE OF SURGERY</th>
<th>RIGHT EYE</th>
<th>LEFT EYE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Traditional surgery</td>
<td>Eligible</td>
<td>Patient’s choice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CATALYS® laser surgery</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Sequential surgery</td>
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</table>
DRY EYE

Dry eye is a multifactorial disease of the tears and the ocular surface that results in discomfort, visual disturbance and tear film instability.

SYMPTOMS

- Blurred vision/reduced vision.
- Burning sensation/irritation/redness.
- Feeling of a foreign body in the eye.
- Watery eyes.
- Sensitivity to light.
- Pressure around or behind the eye.
- Eye fatigue

It may be necessary to postpone the surgery in order to better control the dry eye condition prior to the procedure.
Dry eye is a very common and widespread syndrome. This abnormal condition might appear simple at first glance, but it can have a significant effect on a visual comfort and the quality of life. The symptoms of dry eye can be accentuated after the surgery.

PURPOSE OF TREATING

Minimize the discomfort caused by dry eyes and obtain optimal postoperative results.
MEDICATIONS AND TREATMENT OF DRY EYES

To be completed by the health professional

☐ Artificial teardrops
   Instill 1 drop four times a day in each eye or as prescribed by your healthcare professional.

☐ Eyelid cleansing
   Cleanse the free edge of your upper and lower eyelids once or twice a day with a lid wipe, then thoroughly rinse the eyelids with warm water or as recommended by your healthcare professional.

☐ Moist warm compresses
   Place a clean moist warm compress over the eyelids for 10 to 15 minutes twice a day or as prescribed by your healthcare professional.

☐ Ophthalmic ointment
   Apply 1 cm of ointment to the back of each lower eyelid at bedtime or as prescribed by your healthcare professional.

☐ Ophthalmic gel
   Apply 1 cm of gel to the back of each lower eyelid at bedtime or as prescribed by your healthcare professional.
- **Omega 3 gel capsules**
  Take 3 tablets a day with food or as prescribed by your healthcare professional.

  **Note:** If you are taking an anticoagulant, such as warfarin (Coumadin) or heparin, consult your doctor before taking this vitamin.

- **Antibiotic opthalmic ointment**
  Put 1 cm of ointment on your index finger or on a cotton-tipped swab and apply the antibiotic ointment along the base of the lashes of the lower and upper eyelids or as prescribed by your healthcare professional.

- **Cortisone anti-inflammatory drops**
  Instill 1 drop of FML four times a day in each eye for 4 weeks, then reduce to twice a day in each eye for 4 weeks or as prescribed by your healthcare professional.

- **Restasis 0.05 % ophtalmique emulsion**
  Instill 1 drop twice a day in each eye (at approximately 12-hour intervals) or as prescribed by your healthcare professional.

  ➤ *It is normal for Restasis to burn following instillation.*

  **Tip:** Keep the bottle in the refrigerator to reduce the burning sensation during application.

  ➤ You must stop using Restasis one week after surgery.
### SURGERY DATES
*To be completed by the administrative agent*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1st eye</th>
<th>2nd eye</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>□ Right eye □ Left eye</td>
<td>□ Right eye □ Left eye</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of the surgery:</td>
<td>Date of the surgery:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Your surgeon**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1st eye</th>
<th>2nd eye</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>□ Dr Martin Boileau Ophthalmologist</td>
<td>□ Dr Martin Boileau Ophthalmologist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Dr Laurent Lalonde Ophthalmologist</td>
<td>□ Dr Laurent Lalonde Ophthalmologist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Dr Sébastien Gagné Ophthalmologist</td>
<td>□ Dr Sébastien Gagné Ophthalmologist</td>
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<tr>
<td>□ Dre Anik Desgroseilliers Ophthalmologist</td>
<td>□ Dre Anik Desgroseilliers Ophthalmologist</td>
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<tr>
<td>□ Dr Louis-Pierre Gauvin Ophthalmologist</td>
<td>□ Dr Louis-Pierre Gauvin Ophthalmologist</td>
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<tr>
<td>□ Dr Louis Racine Ophthalmologist</td>
<td>□ Dr Louis Racine Ophthalmologist</td>
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<tr>
<td>□ Dr Daniel Belliveau Ophthalmologist</td>
<td>□ Dr Daniel Belliveau Ophthalmologist</td>
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<tr>
<td>□ Dre Thi Bich Thao Nguyen Ophthalmologist</td>
<td>□ Dre Thi Bich Thao Nguyen Ophthalmologist</td>
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<tr>
<td>□ Dre Johanna Choremis Ophthalmologist</td>
<td>□ Dre Johanna Choremis Ophthalmologist</td>
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<td>□ __________________________</td>
<td>□ __________________________</td>
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</table>
DAYS BEFORE THE SURGERY

• Ask your pharmacist to prepare a list of your medications. Give the list to the nurse at the time of your surgery.
• Take your medications as usual (for example, for high blood pressure).
• It is recommended that you take a bath or shower on the morning of the surgery, taking care to wash your hair and face. It will be more difficult to do so after the surgery.
• It is important that you remove all make-up carefully the night before the surgery.
• Have someone accompany you on the day of the surgery since you will not be allowed to drive.

ANTICOAGULANTS

Advise your ophthalmologist if you are taking blood thinners (Aspirin, Asaphen, Novasen, Entrophen, Plavix or Coumadin).

Do not stop taking them unless your ophthalmologist asks you to.

If you wish to upgrade the type of intraocular lens or type of surgery prior to the scheduled dates, you may do so by contacting 450.419.6345.
**DAY OF THE SURGERY**

**RECOMMENDATIONS**

- Eat a light breakfast.
- Take your medications as usual (for example, for high blood pressure).
- Do not apply any makeup or cream to your face.

- When you arrive at the Institut de l’œil des Laurentides, take the elevator to the 1st floor.
- Bring your health insurance card.
- Wear comfortable clothing that can be easily removed. You will be assigned a locker to store your personal belongings.
- Advise the nurse if you feel anxious. She can give you medication.

**IMPORTANT**

You must arrange for someone to accompany you home, the day of your surgery and of your postoperative visit, since you will not be able to drive.
• Before the surgery, the nursing staff will explain and give you a pamphlet containing advice to follow after your surgery.

• Plan to rest at the Institut de l’œil des Laurentides for two to three hours. Bring a snack, especially if you are diabetic.

• Mention any health condition that could affect the outcome of the surgery (cold, redness, sty)

PAIEMENT

• You must present yourself at the admissions desk of the operating room with your payment.

• You can pay by cash, debit card, Visa or MasterCard. We do not accept the American Express credit card or cheques.
During surgery, the content of the lens is extracted from your eye by “phacoemulsification”, a procedure in which the crystalline lens is broken into fragments and aspirated through a small self-sealing incision that does not require sutures.

**Cataract extraction**

Once it is removed, a new artificial lens, called an intraocular lens, is implanted permanently in your eye.

**Insertion of the intraocular lens**

The surgery does not require hospitalization and takes place in the operating room at the Institut de l’œil des
Laurentides (on the 1st floor). No pain is usually felt during the operation, which only lasts about 10 minutes for each eye.

Surgery is performed under local anesthesia. The anesthetizing agent is administered in the form of drops or an ointment. Rarely, an anesthetising injection is used.

The fragmentation of your crystalline lens by the CATALYS® laser will blur your vision momentarily. Rest assured. Everything will return to normal when the surgeon inserts the intraocular lens you have chosen.

**RISKS AND POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS**

Any surgery or procedure that involves the eye carries risks and may result in complications. Complications include, but are not limited to: discomfort (usually within the first 24 to 48 hours), hemorrhaging (bleeding), infection, rupture of the lens capsule (the crystalline’s natural support), edema (swelling) of the cornea or retina, detached retina, ptosis (drooping eyelid), astigmatism, glaucoma, double vision, residual fragments, or loss of the eye. Serious complications are very rare.

After the surgery, you will need to purchase drops to prevent infection and inflammation. A prescription will be given to you on the day of the surgery.

In order to avoid a second trip, you will have the option of filling your prescription at the drug store located on the ground floor of the Institut de l’œil des Laurentides.
AFTER YOUR SURGERY

Subsequently to your surgery, postoperative follow-ups with an ophthalmologist or an optometrist are required.

The first follow-up appointment will take place at the Institut de l’œil des Laurentides. However, if you live in an outlying area, you can make an appointment with your optometrist.

Two other follow-up visits will be required, namely one week and one month after your surgery. They can be handled by your optometrist, unless indicated otherwise by one of the eye care professionals of the Institut de l’œil des Laurentides.

If the appointment is at the Institut de l’œil des Laurentides, a $25 fee applies. The costs of the follow-up appointments are included for toric, multifocal, toric multifocal or extended range of vision intraocular lenses.
• Be careful when moving around since you can injure yourself if you misjudge obstacles.

• **You must not:**
  
  • Press, apply pressure to or rub your eyelids or squint hard.
  
  • Expose your eyes to dust, tap water or any other situation that can injure your eyes.
  
  • Lift weights in excess of 20 lbs.
  
  • Bend your head below the waist.

• It is recommended that you wait before resuming sexual activity.

**PERSONAL HYGIENE**

• You can bathe or shower starting the day after your surgery. However, avoid getting water or soap directly in your eyes (2 weeks).

• Tilt your head back to wash your hair (2 weeks). Wait before applying chemical products (hair colour, permanent) to your hair (2 weeks).
• Gently dab the contour of your eyes with a soft tissue to remove any fluid or residue deposits. However, wait before applying makeup (mascara, liner, eyeshadow) to your eyelids (2 weeks).

• Men can shave the day after surgery.

**ACTIVITIES**

You can resume most of your daily activities the day after your surgery. You can read, watch TV, go for a walk and cook.

**Work**

In most cases, you can return to work the day after your surgery, or as soon as you feel that your vision is adequate to resume your daily activities. However, if you work in a dusty environment that carries a risk of infection or injury to the eye, it is advisable to wait 2 weeks after your surgery before resuming your activities.

If necessary, you can be issued a letter justifying your time off work.
**Driving a vehicle**

You may not drive your vehicle during the first 24 hours after your surgery. If you drive a motorcycle, you must wait 2 weeks; wearing of a full face helmet is strongly recommended.

During your postoperative follow-ups, eye care professionals will assess your vision and tell you when you can expect to regain the visual acuity necessary to meet the Société de l’assurance automobile du Québec standards.

**Travel**

You can travel 2 weeks after your surgery. However, for certain types of travel (out of the country, by the sea, etc.), it is preferable to wait until after your one-month postoperative follow-up. That way it will be easier to send you to your optometrist or ophthalmologist if a complication arises.

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**EXPOSURE TO THE SUN**

For your comfort, we recommend that you wear sunglasses after the surgery, especially if you are sensitive to light.
Recommended wait times before resuming work or an activity after surgery

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACTIVITIES OR WORK</th>
<th>Recommended wait times</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>24 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Personal hygiene</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Bathing*</td>
<td>X</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Showering*</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Gently dabbing the contour of your eyes</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Shaving</td>
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<tr>
<td>*Avoid getting water or soap directly in your eyes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Personal hygiene</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Applying makeup (mascara, liner, eyeshadow)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Applying chemical products (hair colour, permanent) to your hair</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Recreational activities</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Reading</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Watching TV</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Working on the computer</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Going for a walk (without increasing your heart rate)</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Cooking</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Shopping</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Watching a show</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Doing light housework</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Recreational activities</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Swimming</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Relaxing at the spa</td>
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<tr>
<td>ACTIVITIES OR WORK</td>
<td>Recommended wait times</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>24 hours</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Driving a vehicle</strong>*</td>
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<tr>
<td>*With the approval of your vision professional</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Driving a motorcycle</strong>*</td>
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<tr>
<td>*Full face helmet or goggles</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Travel</strong>*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*It is preferable to wait until after your one-month postoperative follow-up</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Sports activities</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Training (free weights)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Brisk walking (increasing your heart rate)</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Running (jogging)</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Bowling</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Playing racket sports</td>
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<td>• Golfing</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Swimming</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Diving</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Performing an activity or working in a dusty environment</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>• On a farm</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Gardening</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Performing an activity or working in an environment that carries a risk of injury to the eyes</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Doing construction work</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Bending your head below the waist</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Lifting weights in excess of 20 lbs</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Sexual activity</strong></td>
<td></td>
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</table>

**Note:** If you have any questions about resuming specific activities, consult your eye care professional.
MEDICATION

Unless otherwise indicated, you should continue taking all your medication (including drops for the treatment of glaucoma, as needed).

If you experience a headache after surgery, you can take acetaminophen (Tylenol) tablets.

ARTIFICIAL TEARS

It is normal to feel a slight sensation of a foreign body after the operation. Applying artificial tears (4-6 times/day) can help relieve the discomfort.
PROTECTIVE EYE SHIELD

You will be given a protective eye shield after your surgery. You must wear it while sleeping (for 7 consecutive nights).

We also recommend that you wear the eye shield during the day if you are concerned about rubbing your eyes.

EYEGLASSES

Following your surgery, we recommend that you visit your optometrist annually for a complete eye examination.

Your eyeglasses should be changed 4 to 6 weeks after surgery on your 2nd eye. In the meantime, you can either remove the lens from the frame on the side of the operated eye or forego eyeglasses and function with the operated eye only.

Your optometrist is the best placed professional to advise you on the right choice of ophthalmic lenses for you after surgery. Wearing tinted lenses and/or progressive eyeglasses with an antireflective coating is advised.
Weekdays (Monday to Friday)
At the Institut de l’œil des Laurentides at 450.419.6345 or 1.888.419.6345

Evenings/weekends/statutory holidays
Go to your hospital’s emergency department. Tell the emergency physician that you recently had eye surgery. The physician will contact the on-call ophthalmologist, if necessary.

Institut de l’œil des Laurentides
4800, rue Ambroise-Lafoortune
Boisbriand, QC, J7H 1S6

The INSTITUT DE L’ŒIL DES LAURENTIDES offers the Accord D financing plan (12 equal payments, no service charge or interest).

* All prices are subject to change without notice.